WE CLAIM:

- 1. A method for treating pathologies characterized by an accumulation of extracellular matrix in a tissue, comprising contacting said tissue with an agent which suppresses the extracellular matrix producing activity of TGF-B.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said agent is anti-TGF-B antibody.
 - 3. The method of claim 1 wherein said agent is PDGF.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said agent is an Arg-Gly-Asp-containing peptide.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein said pathologies are selected from the group consisting of glomerulonephritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome and cirrhosis of the liver.
- 6. A method of inhibiting the accumulation of extracellular matrix in a tissue, comprising suppressing the activity of TGF-B in the tissue.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein suppressing the activity of TGF-B comprises contacting the tissue with anti-TGF-B antibodies.
 - 8. The method of claim 6 wherein said agent is PDGF.
- 9. The method of claim 6 wherein said agent is a Arg-Gly-Asp-containing peptide.
- 10. The method of claim 6 wherein said tissue is comprised of cells selected from the group consisting of kidney, lung, liver and skin cells.

- of a tissue characterized by an excessive accumulation of extracellular matrix components, comprising determining the level of TGF-B in said tissue and comparing the level of TGF-B in said tissue to the level of TGF-B in normal tissues, an elevated level of TGF-B said tissue being indicative of such pathologies.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein said pathologies are selected from the group consisting of glomerulonephritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome and cirrhosis of the liver.
- 13. A method of decreasing the production of a proteoglycan by a cell which produces a proteoglycan comprising decreasing the amount or inhibiting the activity of TGF-B to which said cell is exposed.
- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said cell is a mesangial cell.
- 15. The method of claim 13, wherein said proteoglycan is selected from the group consisting of biglycan and decorin.
- 16. An antibody which inhibits the proteoglycan stimulating activity of TGF-B having an affinity of about 10^8 or greater and a titer of about 1:30,000 or greater as measured by radio immunoassay.
- 17. The antibody of claim 16, produced by immunizing an animal with a linear peptide from TGF-B.
 - 18. A cell which produces the antibody of claim 16.